## Listing of Claims

## 1-15 (cancelled).

/. 16. (Currently amended) A system for accessing an anatomic space having a wall with an outer surface, said system comprising:

an access tube having a distal end which can be selectively embedded into tissue <u>for engagement with the outer surface such</u> that the proximal movement of the distal end causes corresponding enlargement of the anatomic space; and

a needle having a lumen therethrough, said needle being configured to pass through the access tube and penetrate into the anatomic space when the access tube is embedded into the anatomic space wall.

 $\mathcal{A}.\mathcal{A}$ . (Original) A system as in claim  $\mathcal{A}$ , wherein the access tube includes an anchor structure at its distal end.

3.18. (Original) A system as in claim 17, wherein the anchor structure comprises one or more penetrating points.

 $\psi$ . 19. (Original) A system as in claim 18, wherein the penetrating points are inclined so that they penetrate into tissue when the access tube is rotated about its long axis.

5-20. (Original) A system as in claim 16, further comprising a guidewire configured to be positioned into the anatomic space through the needle.

(Previously Presented) A kit for accessing the pericardial space between the visceral and parietal pericardium, said kit comprising:

an access tube having a distal end which can be selectively embedded into tissue; and

instructions for use setting forth a method for accessing an anatomic space having a wall with an outer surface, said method comprising:

embedding a distal end of an access tube into the outer
surface;

drawing the access tube proximally to raise the wall over the anatomic space and to enlarge the anatomic space; and

introducing an access device through the access tube, penetrating the wall and into the anatomic space while the access tube stabilizes the wall.